Semirings Embedded in a Completely Regular Semiring ^{*}

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Abstract

Recently, we have shown that a semiring S is completely regular if and only if S is a union of skew-rings. In this paper we show that a semiring S satisfying $a^2 = na$ can be embedded in a completely regular semiring if and only if S is additive separative.

Key words: Completely regular semiring, skew-ring, b-lattice, archimedean semiring, additive separative semiring.

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1 Introduction

Recall that a semiring $(S, +, \cdot)$ is a type (2,2) algebra whose semigroup reducts (S, +) and (S, \cdot) are connected by ring like distributivity, that is,

a(b+c) = ab + ac and (b+c)a = ba + ca

for all $a, b, c \in S$. A semiring $(S, +, \cdot)$ is called a Boolean semiring if $a^2 = a$ for all $a \in S$. A semiring S is called additive cancellative if the additive reduct (S, +) is a cancellative semigroup, i.e., for $a, b, c \in S$, a + b = a + c implies b = c.

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